

Patent Application No. 10/056,546

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1, 16 and 22 as follows:

1 Claim 1. (previously presented) Method for generating persistent
2 annotations of multimedia content, comprising one or more repetitions
3 of the following steps:

4 actively selecting examples of multimedia content to be
5 annotated by a user, wherein the examples of multimedia content are
6 selected based on at least one criterion for achieving a maximal
7 disambiguation result such that only those examples which are most
8 ambiguous are selected;
9 accepting input annotations from said user for said selected
10 examples;
11 propagating said input annotations to other instances of
12 multimedia content; and
13 storing said input annotations and said propagated annotations.

1 Claim 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of
2 actively selecting is performed using a selection technique selected
3 from the group consisting of: deterministic and probabilistic.

1 Claim 3. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the step of
2 actively selecting, which is performed deterministically or
3 probabilistically, is based on explicit models and feature
4 proximity/similarity measures, and returns one or more examples of
5 multimedia content to be annotated.

1 Claim 4. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the step of
2 actively selecting, which is performed deterministically or
3 probabilistically, is based on implicit models and feature
4 proximity/similarity measures, and returns one or more examples of
5 multimedia content to be annotated.

1 Claim 5. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein an
2 optimization criterion for active selection includes one or more
3 criteria selected from the group consisting of: information measures
4 and confidence.

1 Claim 6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the multimedia
2 content comprises one or more types selected from the group

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3 consisting of: images, audio, video, graphics, text, multimedia, Web
4 pages, time series data, surveillance data, sensor data, relational
5 data, and XML data.

1 Claim 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the input
2 annotations are created by a user with reference to a vocabulary.

1 Claim 8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the vocabulary
2 contains one or more items selected from the group consisting of:
3 terms, concepts, labels, and annotations.

1 Claim 9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the process of
2 creating input annotations by the user involves multimodal
3 interaction with the user using graphical, textual, and/or speech
4 interface.

1 Claim 10. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the input
2 annotations are created by means of steps selected from the group
3 consisting of: creating new annotations, deleting existing
4 annotations, rejecting proposed annotations, and modifying
5 annotations.

1 Claim 11. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the
2 vocabulary is adaptively or dynamically organized and/or limited by
3 the system or the user.

1 Claim 12. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the
2 multimodal interaction involves speech recognition, gaze detection,
3 finger pointing, expression detection, and/or effective computing
4 methods for sensing a user's state.

1 Claim 13. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the
2 determination of the propagation of annotations is made
3 deterministically or probabilistically and on the use of models for
4 each annotation or for joint annotations.

1 Claim 14. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the models
2 are created or learned automatically or semi-automatically and/or are
3 updated adaptively from interaction with the user.

1 Claim 15. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the models
2 are based on nearest neighbor voting or variants, parametric or

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3 statistical models, expert systems, rule-based systems, or hybrid
4 techniques.

1 Claim 16. (currently amended) System for generating persistent
2 annotations of multimedia content, comprising:

3 means for actively selecting examples of multimedia content to
4 be annotated by a user, wherein the examples of multimedia content
5 are selected based on at least one criterion for achieving a maximal
6 disambiguation result such that only those examples which are most
7 ambiguous are selected;

8 means for accepting input annotations from said user for said
9 selected examples; means for propagating said input annotations to
10 other instances of multimedia content; and

11 means for storing said input annotations and said propagated
12 annotations.

1 Claim 17. (original) The system of claim 16 wherein the means for
2 actively selecting uses a selection technique selected from the group
3 consisting of: deterministic and probabilistic.

1 Claim 18. (original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means
2 for actively selecting, which uses a deterministic or probabilistic
3 technique, is based on explicit models and feature
4 proximity/similarity measures, and returns one or more examples of
5 multimedia content to be annotated.

1 Claim 19. (original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means
2 for actively selecting, which uses a deterministic or probabilistic
3 technique, is based on implicit models and feature
4 proximity/similarity measures, and returns one or more examples of
5 multimedia content to be annotated.

1 Claim 20. (previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein
2 an optimization criterion for active selection includes one or more
3 criteria selected from the group consisting of: information measures
4 and confidence.

1 Claim 21. (original) The system of claim 16, wherein the
2 multimedia content comprises one or more types selected from the
3 group consisting of: images, audio, video, graphics, text,

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4 multimedia, Web pages, time series data, surveillance data, sensor
5 data, relational data, and XML data.

1 Claim 22. (currently amended) A computer program product in a
2 computer readable medium for generating persistent annotations of
3 multimedia content, the computer program product comprising
4 instructions for performing one or more repetitions of the following
5 steps:

6 actively selecting of examples of multimedia content to be
7 annotated by a user, wherein the examples of multimedia content are
8 selected based on at least one criterion for achieving a maximal
9 disambiguation result such that only those examples which are most
10 ambiguous are selected;
11 accepting input annotations from said user for said selected
12 examples;
13 propagating said input annotations to other instances of
14 multimedia content; and
15 storing said input annotations and said propagated annotations.

1 Claim 23. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein
2 the at least one criterion includes an ambiguity level of the
3 selected examples.

1 Claim 24. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein
2 the at least one criterion includes a confidence level of the
3 selected examples, the confidence level being inversely proportional
4 to a distance of a new feature of the selected examples from a
5 separating hyperplane in an induced higher dimensional feature space.

1 Claim 25. (previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein
2 the at least one criterion includes an ambiguity level of the
3 selected examples.

1 Claim 26. (previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein
2 the at least one criterion includes a confidence level of the
3 selected examples, the confidence level being inversely proportional
4 to a distance of a new feature of the selected examples from a
5 separating hyperplane in an induced higher dimensional feature space.

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1 Claim 27. (previously presented) The computer program product of
2 claim 22, wherein the at least one criterion includes an ambiguity
3 level of the selected examples.

1 Claim 28. (previously presented) The computer program product of
2 claim 22, wherein the at least one criterion includes a confidence
3 level of the selected examples, the confidence level being inversely
4 proportional to a distance of a new feature of the selected examples
5 from a separating hyperplane in an induced higher dimensional feature
6 space.